Philosophy 1760 Philosophy of Language

Course Website: http://frege.org/phil1760/

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Course Description

Philosophy of Language is a very large and extremely active area, and no semester-long courrse could possibly introduce students to all of it. In this course, we will cover three main topics: Questions about meaning and communication; questions about the dependence of meaning on context; and questions about literal meaning and metaphor.

Language is used, among other things, for communication. In part, this is because words mean things, and because we understand them. What is it to understand what someone says? What is it for words to mean what they do? How do we know what our words mean? And how does this knowledge enable us to use language as we do? We will study these questions and others through readings by such philosophers as Donald Davidson, H.P. Grice, Jim Higginbotham, Scott Soames, and Peter Strawson.

Now, it is obvious that words have meaning, and that what a word means in part determines what you can use it to say. But it is also obvious that what a word means does not always completely determine what it is used to say when it is uttered. This is most obvious for words like "this" and "that": Which object one refers to with "this" depends upon details of the circumstances when one uses it. Much the same is true for "I", "you", "here", "now", "yesterday", and the like. And there are lots of other words that seem to exhibit similar behavior. So the use of language seems to involve a complex interplay between relatively stable features of language, such as what a word means in English, and the shifting features of communcative context. We'll spend some time exploring this matter.

Concerning metaphor, our interest will be in how metaphors work, and in particular how "metaphorical meaning" is related to the literal meanings of words. We will read a series of classic papers laying out the main options, and then look at a recent alternative view.

Prerequisites

Contemporary analytic philosophy began with certain discoveries in formal logic, and much of the work we shall be reading is informed in one way or another by logic: Arguments, premises, and conclusions are often stated using the concepts of formal logic. A working understanding of basic logic, such as one would acquire in Phil 0540, is therefore essential.

Prior exposure to philosophy is essential: Much of the material we will be reading is difficult. As usual with 1000-level courses, then, at least one prior course in philosophy is really quite essential, and two are really preferred.

Readings

There are no textbooks for the course. All readings are accessible from the course website (though you will need the username and password for many of them). That said, we will be reading quite a few papers that are collected in Donald Davidson's *Inquiries Into Truth and Interpretation*, so it would be worth getting a copy, really.

Course Structure and Requirements

The course will meet Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 1pm, in Salomon 203. As far as possible, the class will be conducted entirely by discussion. Students should arrive appropriately prepared with questions, comments, and criticisms. Otherwise, it will be very quiet.

Please note that course requirements are still subject to change. But these are approximately correct. Probably there will be only two short papers, each of them also subject to revision in response to comments.

There will be three short papers of about 3-5 pages, with a maximum length of 1500 words. Lists of 'topics' will be distributed on 12 February, 7 March, and 11 April; the papers will be due on 19 February, 14 March, and 18 April, respectively. The 'topics' will be short quotations from various of the papers we read, and the object of the exercise will be expository: You will be asked to explain the passage and its significance.

The final requirement for the course is a shortish term paper, which will be due by 5pm on the last day of reading period, 10 May. The paper should be a maximum of 4500 words (roughly 15 pages), but can be as short as 3000 words (roughly 9 pages). The paper should in the style of a submission to the journal *Thought*, of which I am one of the Associate Editors. Articles published in *Thought* are brief, direct discussions of tightly specified issues. (Students should look at a few of these papers to get a sense for their style.) The topic of the paper is up to the student but must relate directly to at least two of the papers we have read. It also must be cleared with the instructor no later than 3 May. This means sending me an email outlining the topic. Students are encouraged to work together, if they wish, on this assignment: I.e., joint papers are acceptable. But no more than two authors on a given paper, please.

Warning: I do not accept late work, under any circumstances. On the other hand, I am extremely flexible about due dates. That is to say: If someone should need an extra day or two, she need only

ask; no reason even need be given. If someone should need more time than that, then some reason does need to be given, but the request will usually be granted. Since I am so flexible, there can be no excuse for one's not asking for an extension. It's really just a matter of respect.

Syllabus

27 January

The syllabus for the course is available online at http://frege.org/phil1760/. That page also contains links to the readings.

Introductory Meeting

Literal Meaning	
29 January	H.P. Grice, "Meaning", <i>Philosophical Review</i> 66 (1957), pp. 377-88
1 February	P.F. <i>Introduction to Logical Theory</i> (London: Methuen, 1952), sections 3.2 and 7.1
3 February	H.P. Grice, "Logic and Conversation", in <i>Studies in the Ways of</i> <i>Words</i> (Cambridge MA: Harvard University Press, 1989), pp. 22– 40

Meaning and Truth-Theory: Davidson's Proposal

5 February	Donald Davidson, "Theories of Meaning and Learnable Languages", in his <i>Inquiries into Truth and Interpretation</i> (Oxford: Oxford Uni- versity Press, 1984), pp. 3–15
8 February	Donald Davidson, "Truth and Meaning", <i>Synthese</i> 17 (1967), pp. 304–23; reprinted in <i>Inquiries</i> , pp. 17–36
10 February	P.F. Strawson, "Meaning and Truth", in his Logico-Linguistic Papers (London: Methuen, 1971), pp. 170–89
12 February	David Lewis, "Languages and Language", in his <i>Philosophical Papers</i> , vol.1 (New York: Oxford University Press, 1983), pp. 163–88 You should concentrate on sections I-III, in which Lewis summarizes the more extensive account of linguistic meaning given in his book <i>Convention</i> (Cambridge MA: Harvard University Press, 1969), and on pp. 175–81 (pp. 17–24 of the PDF), where Lewis discusses a series of objections connected to compositionality. Topics for first short paper announced

Meaning and Truth-Theory: The Foster Problem

15 FebruaryJohn Foster, "Meaning and Truth-Theory", in G. Evans and J. Mc-
Dowell, eds., *Truth and Meaning: Essays in Semantics* (Oxford:
Oxford University Press, 1976), pp. 1–32
You need only read sections 1–2, on pp. 1–16, carefully. The discussion in section
3 concerns Davidson's "revised thesis", which we have not year encountered, and
section 4 contains Foster's emendation of Davidson's position, which is known
to fall to a version of Foster's own objection to Davidson.

17 February	Donald Davidson, "Reply to Foster", in <i>Inquiries</i> , pp. 171–9, and "Radical Interpretation", <i>Dialectica</i> 27 (1973), pp. 314–328; also in <i>Inquiries</i> , pp. 125–39
22 February	No Class: Presidents' Day Holiday
24 February	Scott Soames, "Truth, Meaning, and Understanding", <i>Philosophi-</i> cal Studies 65 (1992), pp. 17-35
26 February	James Higginbotham, "Truth and Understanding", <i>Philosophical Studies</i> 65 (1992), pp. 3-16
29 February	Michael Dummett, "What Do I Know When I Know a Language?", in <i>The Seas of Language</i> (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1993), pp. 94–105
2 March	Ian Rumfitt, "Truth Conditions and Communication", <i>Mind</i> 104 (1995), pp. 827–62
4 March	Richard Heck, "Reason and Language", in C. Macdonald and G. Macdonald, eds., <i>McDowell and His Critics</i> (Oxford: Blackwell Publishing, 2006), pp. 22–45
7 March	Discussion Topics for second short paper announced

Tacit Knowledge

9 March	Noam Chomsky, <i>Aspects of the Theory of Syntax</i> (Cambridge MA: MIT Press, 1965), chapter 1, sections 1–6
11 March	Gareth Evans, "Semantic Theory and Tacit Knowledge", in his Col- lected Papers (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1985), pp. 322–42
14 March	Discussion Second short paper due
16 March	Martin Davies, "Meaning, Structure, and Understanding", <i>Synthese</i> 48 (1981), pp. 135–61
18 March	Elizabeth Fricker, "Semantic Structure and Speakers' Understand- ing", <i>Proceedings of the Aristotelian Society</i> , New Series 83 (1982- 1983), pp. 49–66
21 March	Louise Antony, "Meaning and Semantic Knowledge", <i>Proceedings</i> of the Aristotelian Society, sup. vol. 71 (1997), pp. 177–209
23 March	Steven Gross, "Knowledge of Meaning, Conscious and Unconscious", in <i>The Baltic International Yearbook of Cognition, Logic, and Com-</i> <i>munication, Vol. 5: Meaning, Understanding, and Knowledge</i> (2010), pp. 1–44

6

Contextualism, For And Against

25 March	John Searle, "Literal Meaning", Erkenntnis 13 (1978), pp. 207–24
28 March–1 April	No Class: Spring Break
4 April	Robyn Carston, "Implicature, Explicature, and Truth-theoretic Se- mantics", in R. Kempson, ed., <i>Mental Representations: The Inter-</i> <i>face Between Language and Reality</i> (New York: Cambridge Uni- versity Press, 1988), pp. 155–82
6–8 April	Jason Stanley and Zoltán Gendler Szabó, "On Quantifier Domain Restriction", <i>Mind and Language</i> 15 (2000), pp. 219–61
11 April	Jason Stanley, "Making It Articulated", <i>Mind and Language</i> 17 (2002), pp. 149–68 Topics for third short paper announced
13 April	Emma Borg, "Minimalism versus Contextualism in Semantics", in Gerhard Preyer and Georg Peter, eds., <i>Context-Sensitivity and Se-</i> <i>mantic Minimalism</i> (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2007), pp. 339– 60
15 April	Ishani Maitra, "How and Why To Be a Moderate Contextualist", in <i>Context-Sensitivity and Semantic Minimalism</i> , pp. 112–32
18 April	Discussion Third short paper due

Metaphorical Meaning

Donald Davidson, "What Metaphors Mean", <i>Critical Inquiry</i> 5 (1978), pp. 31–47; also in <i>Inquiries</i> , pp. 245–64
Elizabeth Camp, "Contextualism, Metaphor, and What is Said" (Mind & Language 21 (2006), pp. 280–309
Catherine Wearing, "Metaphor and What Is Said", <i>Mind and Language</i> 21 (2006), pp. 310–332
Josef Stern, "Metaphor as Demonstative", <i>Journal of Philosophy</i> 82 (1985), pp. 677–710
Topic for final paper must be cleared with instructor
Final Paper Due