

# Philosophy 1880

## The Sequent Calculus

$A \Rightarrow A$   
(Basic Sequents)

$\Gamma, A \Rightarrow B$       ( $\neg+$ )  
 $\Delta, A \Rightarrow \neg B$   
 $\therefore \Gamma, \Delta \Rightarrow \neg A$

$\Gamma \Rightarrow A$       ( $\vee+$ )  
 $\therefore \Gamma \Rightarrow A \vee B$

$\Gamma \Rightarrow B$       ( $\vee+$ )  
 $\therefore \Gamma \Rightarrow A \vee B$

$\Gamma \Rightarrow A$       ( $\wedge+$ )  
 $\Delta \Rightarrow B$   
 $\Gamma, \Delta \Rightarrow A \wedge B$

$\Gamma, A \Rightarrow B$       ( $\rightarrow+$ )  
 $\therefore \Gamma \Rightarrow A \rightarrow B$

$\emptyset \Rightarrow t = t$       ( $=+$ )

If  $\Gamma \Rightarrow A$  and  $\Delta \supseteq \Gamma$ , then  $\Delta \Rightarrow A$   
(Thinning)

$\Gamma \Rightarrow \neg\neg A$       ( $\neg-$ )  
 $\therefore \Gamma \Rightarrow A$

$\Gamma, A \Rightarrow C$       ( $\vee-$ )  
 $\Delta, B \Rightarrow C$   
 $\Theta \Rightarrow A \vee B$   
 $\therefore \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta \Rightarrow C$

$\Gamma \Rightarrow A \wedge B$       ( $\wedge-$ )  
 $\therefore \Gamma \Rightarrow A$

$\Gamma \Rightarrow A \wedge B$       ( $\wedge-$ )  
 $\therefore \Gamma \Rightarrow B$

$\Gamma \Rightarrow A \rightarrow B$       ( $\rightarrow-$ )  
 $\Delta \Rightarrow A$   
 $\therefore \Gamma, \Delta \Rightarrow B$

$\Gamma \Rightarrow A(s)$       ( $=-$ )  
 $\Delta \Rightarrow s = t$   
 $\therefore \Gamma, \Delta \Rightarrow A(t)$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\Gamma \Rightarrow A(t) & (\exists+) \\
\Gamma \Rightarrow \exists x A(x) & \\
\Gamma, A(y) \Rightarrow B & (\exists-) \\
\Delta \Rightarrow \exists x A(x) & \\
\therefore \Gamma, \Delta \Rightarrow B & \\
\Gamma \Rightarrow A(y) & (\forall+) \\
\therefore \Gamma \Rightarrow \forall x A(x) & \\
\Gamma \Rightarrow \forall x A(x) & (\forall-) \\
\Gamma \Rightarrow A(t) &
\end{array}$$

Note: In the identity and quantifier rules,  $t$  and  $s$  can be any term, subject to restrictions on capturing;  $y$  can be any variable, subject to the condition, in  $\exists-$ , that it not be free in  $\Gamma$  or in  $B$ , and in  $\forall+$ , that it not be free in  $\Gamma$ .

### Example Deductions

$$\forall x(Fx \rightarrow Gx), \exists x(Fx) \Rightarrow \exists x(Gx)$$

- (1)  $\forall x(Fx \rightarrow Gx) \Rightarrow \forall x(Fx \rightarrow Gx)$  Basic
- (2)  $\forall x(Fx \rightarrow Gx) \Rightarrow Fa \rightarrow Ga$   $\forall-$
- (3)  $Fa \Rightarrow Fa$  Basic
- (4)  $\forall x(Fx \rightarrow Gx), Fa \Rightarrow Ga$  (2,3) $\rightarrow$   $-$
- (5)  $\forall x(Fx \rightarrow Gx), Fa \Rightarrow \exists x(Gx)$  (4) $\exists+$
- (6)  $\exists x(Fx) \Rightarrow \exists x(Fx)$  Basic
- (7)  $\forall x(Fx \rightarrow Gx), \exists x(Fx) \Rightarrow \exists x(Gx)$  (5,6) $\exists-$

$$\exists y \forall x(Lxy) \Rightarrow \forall x \exists y(Lxy)$$

- (1)  $\forall x(Lxa) \Rightarrow \forall x(Lxa)$  Basic
- (2)  $\forall x(Lxa) \Rightarrow Lxa$  (1) $\forall-$
- (3)  $\forall x(Lxa) \Rightarrow \exists y(Lxy)$  (2) $\exists+$
- (4)  $\forall x(Lxa) \Rightarrow \forall x \exists y(Lxy)$  (3) $\forall+$
- (5)  $\exists y \forall x(Lxy) \Rightarrow \exists y \forall x(Lxy)$  Basic
- (6)  $\exists y \forall x(Lxy) \Rightarrow \forall x \exists y(Lxy)$  (4,5) $\exists-$

And now for a more complicated example.

$$\forall x(\exists y(Ayx) \rightarrow Axx), \forall x \forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy) \Rightarrow \forall x(\exists y(Lyx) \rightarrow \exists y(Ayx))$$

- (1)  $Lau \Rightarrow Lau$  Basic
- (2)  $\forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy) \Rightarrow \forall x(Lxy \rightarrow Axy)$  Basic
- (3)  $\forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy) \Rightarrow \forall y(Lay \rightarrow Aay)$  (2) $\forall-$
- (4)  $\forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy) \Rightarrow Lau \rightarrow Aau$  (3) $\forall-$
- (5)  $\forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy), Lau \Rightarrow Aau$  (1,4) $\rightarrow -$
- (6)  $\exists y(Lyu) \Rightarrow \exists y(Lyu)$  Basic
- (7)  $\forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy), \exists y(Lyu) \Rightarrow Aau$  (5,6) $\exists-$
- (8)  $\forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy), \exists y(Lyu) \Rightarrow \exists u(Ayu)$  (7) $\exists+$
- (9)  $\forall x(\exists y(Ayx) \rightarrow Axx) \Rightarrow \forall x(\exists y(Ayx) \rightarrow Axx)$  Basic
- (10)  $\forall x(\exists y(Ayx) \rightarrow Axx) \Rightarrow \exists y(Ayu) \rightarrow Auu$  (9) $\forall-$
- (11)  $\forall x(\exists y(Ayx) \rightarrow Axx), \forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy), \exists y(Lyu) \Rightarrow Auu$  (8,10) $\rightarrow -$
- (12)  $\forall x(\exists y(Ayx) \rightarrow Axx), \forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy), \exists y(Lyu) \Rightarrow \exists y(Ayu)$  (11) $\exists+$
- (13)  $\forall x(\exists y(Ayx) \rightarrow Axx), \forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy) \Rightarrow \exists y(Lyu) \rightarrow \exists y(Ayu)$  (12) $\rightarrow +$
- (14)  $\forall x(\exists y(Ayx) \rightarrow Axx), \forall x\forall y(Lxy \rightarrow Axy) \Rightarrow \forall x(\exists y(Lyx) \rightarrow \exists y(Ayx))$  (13) $\forall+$